Risk assessment

Name of activity, event, and	Team Challenge - Blair Atholl Jamborette Camp Field	Date of risk assessment	08/05/2024	Name of person doing this risk	Fraser O'Brien
location				assessment	
		Date of next			
		review			

What could go wrong?	Who is at risk?	What are you going to do about it?	Review & revise	
What hazard have you identified?		How are the risks already controlled?	What has changed that needs to be thought about and	
What are the risks from it?		What extra controls are needed?	controlled?	
		How will they be communicated to young people and adults and remain inclusive to all needs?		
A hazard is something that may cause harm	For example: young people,	Controls are ways of making the activity safer by removing or reducing the risk.	Keep checking throughout the activity in case you need to change what	
or damage. The risk is the harm that may occur from the	adult volunteers, visitors	For example, you may use a different piece of equipment or you might change the way you do the activity.	you're doing or even stop the activity.	
hazard.	VISILOTS		This is a great place to add comments which will be used as part of the review.	
For example:	Leaders, vistors, Young	Smoke: use dry wood, check wind direction, stand people out of smoke direction.		
Hazard: fire	Leaders, Scouts	Burns: stay a safe distance from fire, place extra wood on cafefully, teach Scouts good practice around fires,		
Risk: smoke inhalation or burns		have a burns first aid kit easily available.		
Contact Play -Entanglement of hair, clothing and jewellery.	Participants	Visual appreciation of participants to remove any items that can get caught.		
Dehydration	Participants/Staff	Make sure particpants and base staff have waer with them before starting the base.		
Equipment on the ground-Can cause participants and staff to trip and fall.	Participants/Staff/Visitors	Make everyone who walk onto the base aware of equipment on the ground with it being in a spot that is hard to miss.		
Physical Fatigue	Participants/Staff	Make sure the participants are not pushing themself past their limit and give breaks throughout the base.		
Wet Grass	Participants/Staff/Visitors	Make sure the area of the base is suitable to be walked and ran on before every activity start time.		
Physical Contact-bruises. scraps, marks from handball.	Participants	Make participants aware how to safely play handball due to it being a limited contact sport to avoid injuries.		
Sunburn-Participants can be more likely to get sunburn the more active they are without realising it.	Participants/Staff	Make sure every participant is aware to apply suncream on during the base.		

Don't forget, as part of your programme planning, you should have contingency activities in reserve just in case you can't do what was planned or you need to stop half way through. Make sure this is shared with those involved, so everyone knows how to respond. You should have risk assessed contingency activities prior to them taking place and communicated key information to those involved as with all activities.



You can find more information in the **Safety checklist for leaders** and at scouts.org.uk/safety